Zodiac Fymbols

The ram's horns represent Dumuzid, Taurus is Latin for bull. The an ancient god associated with shepherds and the golden ram of Greek mythology.

II Gemini

Gemini is the Latin word for "twins." In Babylonian astronomy, the two main stars of this constellation were known as the Great Twins.

This symbol looks a lot like the constellation of Leo, recognized as a lion by Babylonians as early as 4000 BCE.

The scales were sacred to the sun god Shamash, who was also the patron of truth and justice. The symbol represents balance.

X Jagittarius

An archer or an arrow pointing upwards. The Babylonians saw it as the god Nergal, a centaur-like creature firing an arrow from a bow. mountain goat and the tail of a fish.

XX Aguarius

It depicts the waves of water and represents the destructive floods that Mesopotamians and Egyptians experienced in early February.

constellation gets this name because the stars form the profile of a bull's face in a V-shape.

66 Cancer

The sideways "69" is an abstraction is supposed to be the crab claws. Hera gave him a place of honor in the sky after being crushed by Heracles.

The Latin word for virgin, also known as the Maiden. It represents Shala, the ancient goddess of fertility, and her ear of grain.

M Jeorpio

It is meant to represent the scorpion and its stinger. It looks like Virgo, except it has its tail pointing out, not curled in on itself like the maiden.

No Capricorn

Babylonians called it the "Goat-Fish" as a symbol of their god Enki. The symbol shows the hoof of a

Aphrodite and Eros shape-shifted into fishes to escape the monster Typhon. They tied themselves together not to lose each other.